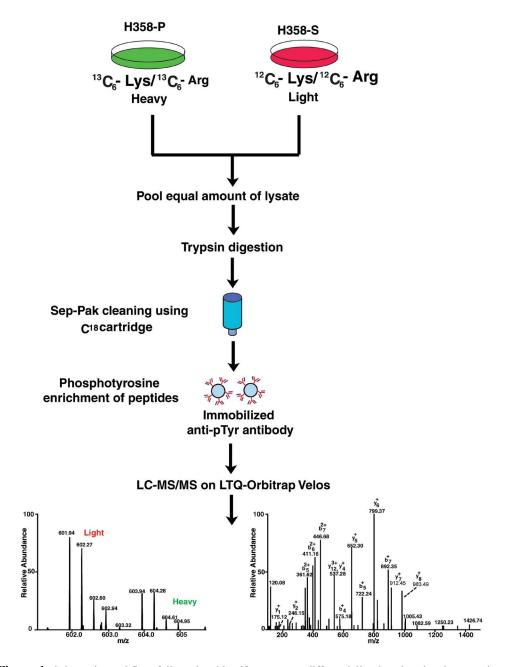
SUPPLEMENTARY MATERIALS

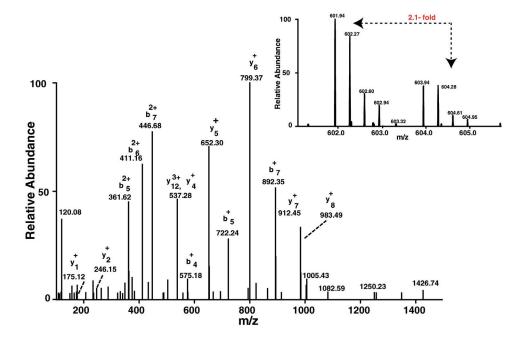
Supplementary Figure 1



Supplementary Figure 1. Schematic workflow followed to identify proteome differentially phosphorylated at tyrosine residue upon chronic exposure to cigarette smoke. H358-P and H358-S cells were cultured in heavy media enriched with 13C6-Lys/13C6-Arg and light media (12C6-Lys/12C6-Arg), respectively. Equal amount of lysate from both populations were pooled and subjected to in-solution trypsin digestion, followed by Sep-Pak cleaning. The enrichment of tyrosine containing phosphopeptide was carried out using pY1000 antibody followed by mass spectrometry-based proteomic analysis to identify differentially phosphorylated proteins.

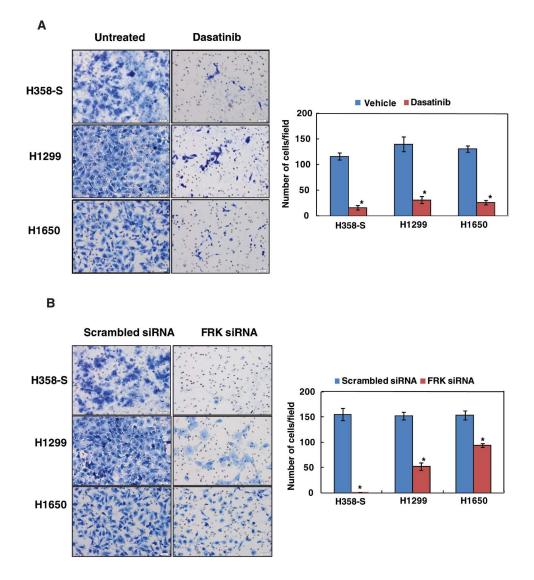
Supplementary Figure 2

Fyn related Src family tyrosine kinase (FRK) HGHpYFVALFDYQAR



Supplementary Figure 2: Representative MS/MS spectra of hyperphosphorylated peptide of FRK in H358-S compared to H358-P cells

Supplementary Figure 3



Supplementary Figure 3: Inhibition of SRC and silencing of FRK decreases the invasive property of lung cancer cells (A) Cells were treated with either DMSO (vehicle control) or Dasatinib and invaded cells were photographed. Graphical representation of invasive ability of H358-S and NSCLC cells upon inhibition with dasatinib (p<0.05). Representative images were photographed at a magnification (10x). (B) Invasion assay was performed after transfection with scrambled or FRK siRNA and invaded cells were photographed. Graphical representation of invasive ability of H358-S and NSCLC cells upon inhibition with FRK siRNA (p<0.05). Representative images were photographed at a magnification (10x). (B) Invasion assay was performed after transfection with scrambled or FRK siRNA and invaded cells were photographed. Graphical representation of invasive ability of H358-S and NSCLC cells upon inhibition with FRK siRNA (p<0.05). Representative images were photographed at a magnification (10x).

Supplementary Table 1: Complete list of identified phosphopeptides with fold change using Sequest and Mascot search algorithms. (See additional supplementary material file)

Supplementary Table 2: The pathway analysis of the differentially expressed proteins was carried out using STITCH and Ingenuity Pathway Analysis (IPA) tool. Top 5 pathways enriched by (A) STITCH and (B) IPA are shown.

# KEGG pathway ID	Top Pathways	Associated Molecules
4510	Focal adhesion	ARHGAP35,ARHGAP5,BCAR1,CAV1, ERBB2,JUN,PTK2,PXN,SHC1,VCL
4520	Adherens junction	BAIAP2,CTNNA1,ERBB2,INSR,MLL T4,PARD3,PVRL4,VCL,WASL
4670	Leukocyte transendothelial migration	ARHGAP35,ARHGAP5,BCAR1,CTN NA1,MAPK12,MLLT4,PTK2,PTK2B,P XN,VCL
4062	Chemokine signaling path- way	BCAR1,PARD3,PRKCD,PTK2,PTK2B, PXN,SHC1,STAT1,WASL
4810	Regulation of actin cytoskel- eton	ARHGAP35,BAIAP2,BCAR1,PTK2,P XN,VCL,WASL

Supplementary Table 2A

Supplementary Table 2 B

Top Networks	Associated Molecules	
Leukocyte Extrava- sation Signaling	PXN,MAPK1,PTK2B,PIK3R1,WASL,CTNNA1,MAPK9,PLCG1,AFD N,MAPK13,MAPK12,BCAR1,PTK2,ARHGAP5,MAPK14,PTPN11,G AB1,PRKCD,ARHGAP35,IRS2,PIK3R2,VCL,CTTN	
Integrin Signaling	PXN,MAPK1,PIK3R1,WASL,PLCG1,TLN1,NCK1,BCAR3,BCAR1,A RHGAP5,PTK2,SHC1,PTPN11,GAB1,MAPK3,CAV1,IRS2,ITGB4,PI K3R2,VCL,CTTN,NEDD9	
Paxillin Signaling	PXN,MAPK1,PTK2B,PIK3R1,MAPK9,TLN1,NCK1,MAPK13,MAPK 12,BCAR1,PTK2,MAPK14,GAB1,PTPN11,IRS2,ITGB4,VCL,PIK3R2	
Renin-Angiotensin Signaling	MAPK1,PTK2B,PIK3R1,MAPK9,PLCG1,MAPK13,MAPK12,PTK2,S HC1,MAPK14,GAB1,PTPN11,MAPK3,PRKCD,IRS2,PIK3R2,STAT1	
PAK Signaling	PXN,PTK2B,MAPK1,PIK3R1,WASL,MAPK9,NCK1,MAPK12,PTK2, SHC1,GAB1,PTPN11,MAPK3,EPHB3,IRS2,PIK3R2	